the lakes through the community-use-reserve area to Driver Crescent. The community-use-reserve area has pleasant views down to the lakes and up the gully to the Waitangirua Farm part of Belmont Regional Park. Bench seats and rubbish bins are provided for the use of visitors.

Entry to the reserve from public lands is possible from the reserve's boundary with Warspite Avenue, from the Cannon's Creek Shopping Centre carpark, from the Cannon's Creek Pool Reserve, from the two accessways from Bedford Street, and from Driver Crescent. In addition, access may be had from Waitangirua Farm along the designated walkway because of the farm's status as part of Belmont Regional Park (although access through the farm may be restricted at certain times for various reasons, such as lambing).

2.1.5 Flora and Fauna

Some plant species found in the lake reserves have cultural significance for the tangata whenua. These include: kotukutuku (tree fuchsia, Fuchsia excorticata), the berries of which are used for making a jam; mahoe (whiteywood, Melicytus ramiflorus), used for making fire; manuka (tea tree, Leptospermum scoparium), used for making a tea-like drink; New Zealand flax (Phormium tenax), the fibre of which is used to produce textiles; tarata (lemonwood, Pittosporum eugenioides), which is used as a perfume when rubbed on the skin; and watercress, a delicacy in Maaori cuisine.

Whitby Upper Lake Reserve

The following fish species have been identified in the lake:-

Anguillidae family

Short-finned eel

Anguilla australis

Cyprinidae family

Koi carp S Nortous

Tench

Cyprinus carpio

Scardinius erythrophthalmus

Tinca tinca

Galaxiidae family

Giant kokopu

Galoxias fasciatus

Percidae family

Perch

Perca fluviatilis

The following plant species have been identified in the reserve:—

Native species

Bracken

Kanuka (tea tree)

Kowhai

Kotukutuku (tree fuchsia)

Pteridium esculentum Leptospermum ericoides Sophora sp.

Fuchsia excorticata

Mahoe (whiteywood)

Manuka (tea tree)

New Zealand flax

Pittosporum

Pohutukawa (New Zealand Christmas tree)

Pseudopanax

Raupo

Sedge (carex)

Shiny spleenwort

Ti kouka (cabbage tree)

Toitoi

Tree fern

Introduced species

Alder

Arum lily (calla lily)

Buddleia

Eucalyptus

Leyland cyprus

Nightshade

Old man's beard (clematis/traveller's joy)

Oxygen weed

Radiata pine

Thistle

Tree lucerne

Wandering Jew

Water lily

Melicytus ramiflorus

Leptospermum scoparium

Phormium tenax

Pittosporum sp.

Metrosideros excelsa

Pseudopanax sp.

Typha orientalis

Carex sp.

Asplenium sp.

Cordyline australis

Cortaderia sp.

Dicksonia sp.

Alnus sp.

Zantedeschia aethiopica

Buddleia davidii

Eucalyptus sp.

Cupressocyparis leylandii

Solanum sp.

Clematis vitalba

Hydrocharitaceae family

Pinus radiata

Cirsium sp.

Chamaecytisus palmensis

Tradescantia fluminensis

Nymphaea sp.

Whitby Lower Lake Reserve

Carp are present in the lake and trout are released into it. Several common bird species such as ducks, gulls, cormorants, and sparrows can be regularly seen in the reserve.

The following plant species have been identified in the reserve:-

Native species

Griselinia

New Zealand flax

Pohutukawa (New Zealand Christmas tree)

Raupo

Rush

Ti kouka (cabbage tree)

Griselinia sp.
Phormium tenax
Metrosideros excelsa
Typha orientalis
Juncus sp.

Cordyline australis

Introduced species

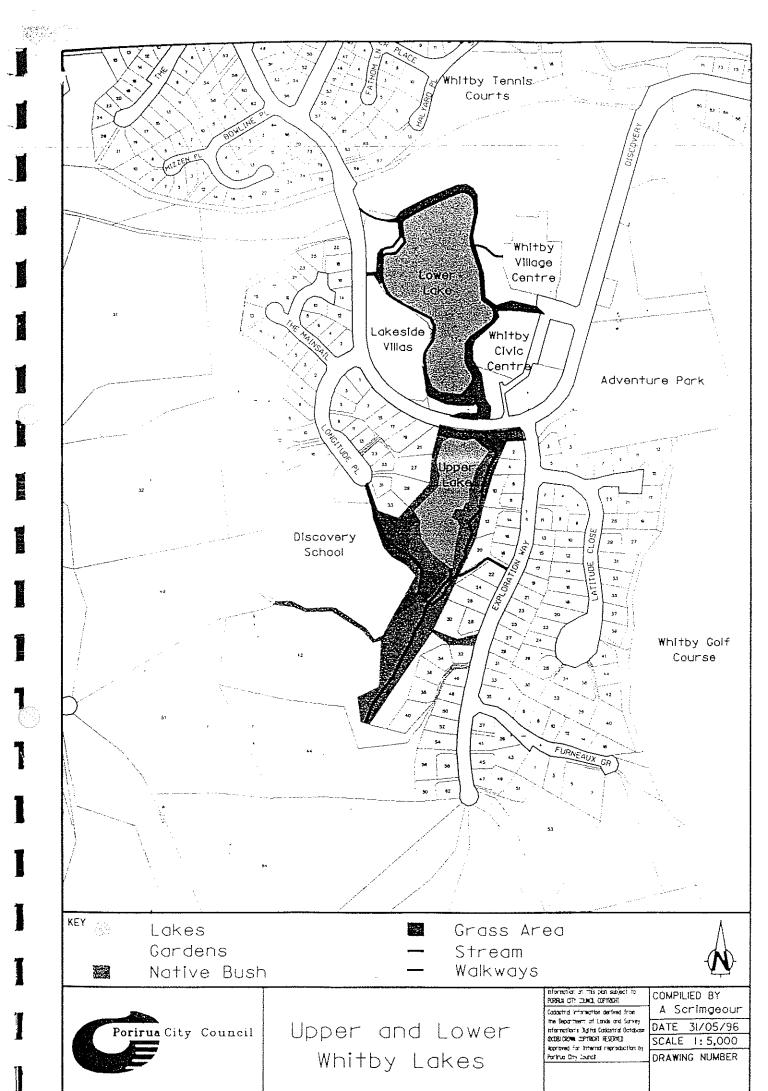
Alder

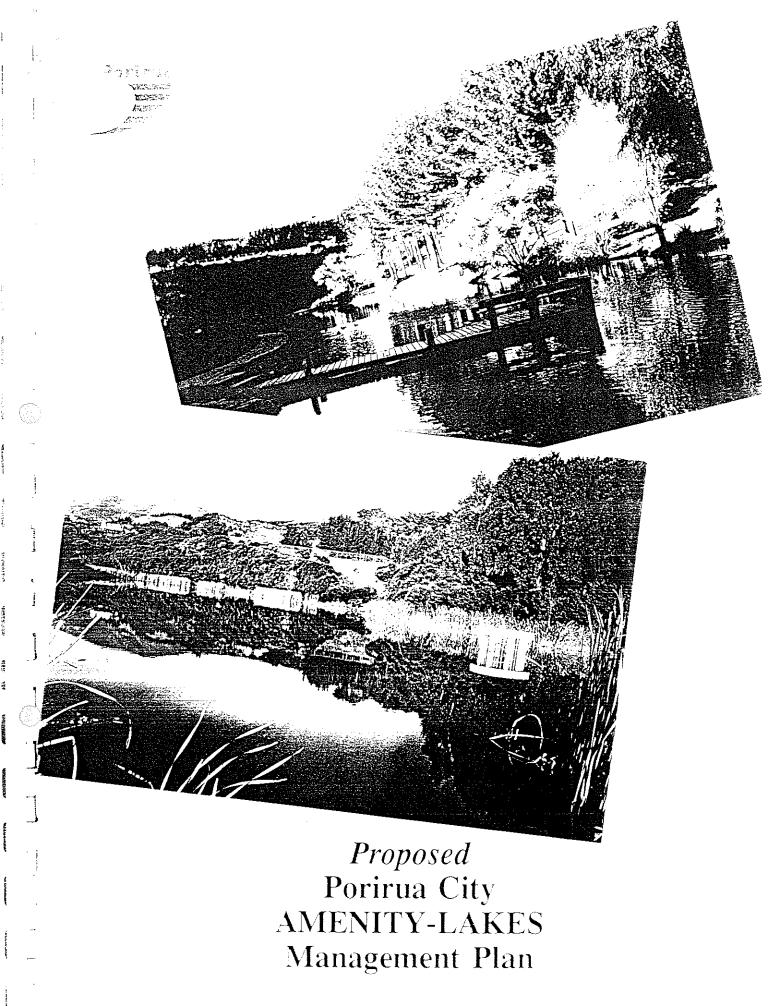
Eucalyptus

Gorse (furze/whin)

Alnus sp. Eucalyptus sp.

Ulex europeaus





Prepared in accordance with sections 41 and 119 of the Reserves Act 1977 as amended.