



# Turakirae Head Scientific Reserve

(legal boundaries)

Area: 127.598 ha

TURAKIRAE HEAD SCIENTIFIC RESERVE		GRID REF R 28 689748 - 730749	
for: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> scenery <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> bush <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> scrub tussock etc <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> wetland <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> plants <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> animals <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> geology <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> history <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> prehistory <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> water supply			
<b>LOCATION</b> Reserve extends from Orongorongo river mouth 6 km around the headland to north of Barney's stream, 17 km south-east of Wellington. <b>ACCESS</b> Along the Coast Road, south from Wainuiomata and across private road by foot.		<b>AREA</b> ha/acre 127.5980 <b>L.D. No.</b> 160 <b>STATUS</b> Scientific <b>RES sub-Cities</b> <b>CONTROL</b> CCL <b>GAZETTED</b> 1982/2169 <b>RESERVED</b> <b>HISTORY</b> Land acquired from Orongorongo Station to protect a series of coastal terraces uplifted during earthquakes in last 6000 years <b>AIR PHOTO</b> SN 5497 F/20, F/21 <b>date</b> 1980	
<b>OUTLINE &amp; TOPO</b> Coastal terrace consisting of a series of 5 raised and tilted beach ridges at the southern end of the Rimutaka Range and on the western margin of Palliser Bay. The raised beaches and accompanying rock platforms have resulted from uplift during major earthquakes which have affected the coastline over the last 7000 years. <b>SURROUNDINGS</b> Cook Strait to the south, Palliser Bay to the east. Vehicle track at base of Rimutaka Range forms landward boundary of reserve. Steep hillsides to the north are farmed as part of the Orongorongo Station.		<b>nearby town</b> 18..km Wainuiomata <b>nearest reserve</b> 17..km Wainuiomata Scenic <b>public road</b> 0.8 km <b>sea (km)</b> 0 <b>ALTITUDE</b> m/ft 0-30 <b>ASPECT</b> South-west, south and south east.	
<b>GEOLOGY</b> Well indurated sandstone and argillites of Triassic age with small local areas of volcanic and mixed volcanic and sedimentary rocks. <b>SPM</b> Alluvium, colluvium, beach rocks and peats. <b>SOIL</b> Turakirae gravelly sand. Sands, gravels, peats, peaty soils, skeletal soils on recently deposited alluvium with high silt and clay content. <b>DRAINAGE</b> Very good on beach ridges, impeded in places on beach platforms.			
		<b>RAIN</b> mm/ink 940 (approx) <b>NAT FERTILITY</b> Low	

RES		NOT		MAIN HABITATS and FEATURES																								
LD	NZ	LD	NZ		%	area	native	ex	regen	NAT	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	13a	14	15	16	
✓	✓	✓	✓	1.	Dry pasture land on young silty and clay soils (outside reserve boundary)	1.	-	-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	2.	Open coastal grassland.	2.	3.0	3.8	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	3.	<i>Coprosma-Muehlenbeckia</i> grass shrubland on gravelly and stony soils with emergent boulders.	3.	8.8	11.2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	4.	Raupo reedland in peat mire.	4.	1.2	1.5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	5.	Gravel, stone and boulderland.	5.	2.0	2.6	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	6.	Stone - boulderland with shore ribbonwood shrubland and salt-tolerant herbfield.	6.	2.0	2.6	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	7.	<i>Olearia</i> - flax shrubland - herbfield - boulderland	7.	1.7	2.2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	8.	Mixed shrubland - grassland - wet herbfield - boulderland	8.	51.8	66.1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	9.	<i>Tauhinu</i> shrubland	9.	3.9	5.0	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	10.	Karaka-ngaio-pigeonwood-titoki forest (outside reserve boundary)	10.	-	-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	10a.	Peripheral shrubland (most outside reserve boundary)	10a.	0.1	0.1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	11.	Wet herbfield (outside reserve boundary)	11.	-	-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	12.	Sedgeland - wet herbfield (outside reserve boundary)	12.	-	-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	13.	Karaka forest - boulderland	13.	0.2	0.3	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	13a.	Remnant Karaka stands on gravel.	13a.	0.1	0.1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	14.	Manuka shrubland	14.	9.9	12.6	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	15.	Mixed shrubland - wet herbfield - boulderland	15.	12.5	16.0	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	16.	<i>Leptocarpus</i> - flax reedland on peats.	16.	2.7	3.4	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

**CONDITION** Sheep and cattle have affected all vegetation types. There is little regeneration under the manuka shrublands and karaka forests. The condition has improved since Bagnall's study in 1971 as grazing has not been heavy and shrub growth into grassland is evident.

**FENCING** Most of the reserve needs fencing especially the wetlands. Selected areas could possibly support light grazing.

**PRIORITY** High priority after grazing lease expires.

<b>RATING 0-10</b>	
<b>SCIENTIFIC</b>	8
<b>SCENIC</b>	7
<b>RECREATION</b>	8

**CONCLUSIONS and RECOMMENDATIONS** The primary management objective of this reserve is to protect and preserve the geomorphological features of the reserve, which contains the best example of tilted raised beach ridges in New Zealand. In doing so the reserve also protects the largest non-breeding colony of the New Zealand fur seal on the Wellington coast, four lizard species including two uncommon species, a small freshwater shrimp of localised distribution, a rich and diverse flora and a chronosequence of vegetation and soils on the different aged beaches.

The reserve should be completely fenced off from stock on the landward side after the grazing lease runs out. At present sheep are preventing any regeneration of shrubs under the karaka forests and manuka shrubland. Cattle are still encroaching on the wetlands.

The reserve should be extended to include all the karaka-mixed forest growing on the slopes above and to the east of Barney's Whare as mixed karaka forest is unrepresented in the mainland reserves of Wellington.

The Turakirae beach area has been the subject of a number of scientific papers and reports (geological, botanical, zoological and archaeological) and a full reference list is given in the management plan of the reserve. In Bagnall's 1975 paper on the vegetation of the raised beaches at Cape Turakirae he presents a detailed vegetation map of part of the scientific research in which he describes and

1 NATURALNESS 2 TREND: D deteriorating; S steady; I improving

MAIN HABITATS AND FEATURES (Continued)

8. Mosaic of tauhinu, *Olearia solandri*, *Scirpus nodosus*, flax, *Carex flagellifera* and dry grassland species with patches of wet herbfield of *Eleocharis*, *Scirpus prolifer*. The community varies from a closed shrubland to scattered shrubs in grassland with areas of wet herbfield.
9. Closed tauhinu shrubland reaching up to 1.5m with occasional plants of *Coprosma propinqua*, *Muehlenbeckia complexa* on recently deposited alluvial fans. Dry grassland species are common amongst the shrubs.
10. Karaka dominated forest on steep colluvial slopes, with occasional ngaio, pigeonwood and titoki reaching up to 9.0m.
- 10a. Peripheral shrubland of mahoe and kaikomako reaching up to 3.0m on coarse stone and gravel at toe of hillslope. Understorey consists of occasional shrubs of tree nettle and ground vegetation of scattered clumps of *Parietaria debilis* and the thistle *Silybum maritimum*.
11. Low growing herbaceous vegetation on boggy areas. The vegetation is dominated by varying proportions of *Eleocharis* spp., *Schoenus* spp, *Scirpus* spp, *Juncus* spp, *Ranunculus* spp and *Cyperus*. Some areas contain pools with aquatic species.
12. Wet herbfield dominated by dense cover of *Cyperus ustulatus* and *Carex geminata* reaching up to 1m on boggy - peaty areas.
13. Small area of karaka trees with occasional cabbage tree and mahoe growing amongst large boulders on beach platform. Boulders support scattered plants of *Bulbophyllum*, *Dendrobium*, *Hymenophyllum sanguinolentum* and *Asplenium terrestre* ssp *maritimum*.
- 13a. Small remnant stands of karaka on coarse stone and gravel at toe of hillslope.
14. Manuka shrubland up to 3.5m tall with flax on peaty soils. Open understorey with some tree nettle present. Ground cover consists of scattered ferns and grasses and *Centella uniflora*.
15. Mosaic of shrubs of manuka, tauhinu, *Olearia solandri* and flax up to 3m tall with *Cyperus*, *Leptocarpus similis* and wet herbfield species on boggy-moist peaty soils with raised dry areas and large emergent boulders.
16. *Leptocarpus similis* up to 0.6m with flax on boggy-moist peats and peaty soils with large emergent boulders.

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS (Continued)

maps 40 different vegetation types. The present work has not been undertaken at such a detailed scale but some vegetation changes are evident from the two surveys. An area of grassland adjacent to a large alluvial fan south of Barney's Whare was mapped by Bagnall but this area now supports a tauhinu shrubland.

Upgrading and extension of the existing roads around the Cape Turakirae coast must not encroach upon the reserved area.

Bagnall, R.G. 1975: Vegetation of the Raised Beaches at Cape Turakirae, Wellington, New Zealand. *N.Z.J. Bot.*, 13: 367-424.  
 Druce, A.P. 1984: Indigenous vascular plants from Baring Head to Turakirae Head to Windy Point. South Wellington Coast, sea level to 500 ft. Unpublished list. 6 pp. Botany Division, D.S.I.R., Lower Hutt.  
 Other references are to be found in Dept. of Lands and Survey, 1984. Management Plan. Turakirae Head Scientific Reserve.

REFERENCES

% area	SUMMARY	HABITATS	ORGANISMS																												
			WATER/SHORE			veg		substrate		poll-ution		access		INFER				OBSERVED													
		a = adjoins reserve	large	small	several	fill/cut/stable	overhang	emergent	herb-ec	cliff	rock	stony	s-singhling	mud	organic	rubbish	eutrophic	foot	boat	car	a = adjoins reserve	N	S	M	N	L	M	H	initials		
0.3	tall conifer <sup>1</sup> forest/trees																				higher native plants	230									
	conifer <sup>2</sup> forest/trees																				lower plants										
56.0	beech forest/trees	sw/4w coast																			exotic plants	100									
	scrub/shrubs <6m	sw/tw beach																			exotic plants										
	tall tussocks/grassland	sw/4w rockpool																			in native										
2.6	short tussocks/grassland	lake 120m+																			higher freshwater plants										
11.0	grassland/grasses	pool/tern																			lower freshwater plants										
2.1	sedgeland/sedges	river 5m+																			native mammals										
	rushland/rushes/raupo	stream																			native birds										
	herbland/herbs	spring/seepage																			introduced birds										
19.3	"tussock" herbland <sup>4</sup>																				waterfowl s.l										
	fernland/ferns																				introduced waterfowl										
	"moss" land																				reptiles										
	brecken																				native/introduced amphibia										
	exotic grassland <sup>5</sup>																				fw native fish										
	exotic herbland/woodland																				fw introduced fish										
	exotic scrub/shrubs																				fw invertebrates										
	exotic forest/trees																				terrestrial invertebrates										
	introduced "native" cover																				saltwater life										
	bag/swamp/pukihī																														
	marsh sw/fw																														
	mudflat sw/fw																														
	bluff/rocks																														
	bluffs/rocks in bush																														
	waterfall																														
	cave/gorge																														
7.1	gravel habitat/scree																				planting of										
1.5	dune/sand																				troublesome plants										
	limestone																				stock in reserve										
	ultrabasics																				nett animal damage										
	geological site																				degree used										
	breeding ground																				litter rubbish										
	rare/interesting animals																				heavy rubbish										
	rare/interesting plants																				casual cutting										
	historic site																				logging										
	historic building																				unnatural drainage - wet										
	prehistoric site																				unnatural drainage - dry										
	camp/midden/pits																				accelerated erosion										
	terraces/earthworks																				topdressing risk										
	burial/tepu																				burnt < 25 years										
99.9																					burnt > 25 years										
																					fire risk										

<sup>1</sup> tall conifer: kahikatea, kauri, matai, miro, rimu, totara    <sup>2</sup> remaining 11 tree-sized spp    <sup>3</sup> broadleaved    <sup>4</sup> e.g. flax    <sup>5</sup> incl. rough grassland, pasture etc

Indicator of but not on T.P. list.

TREES AND SHRUBS

Native

Alectryon excelsus
Brachyglottis repanda
Carmichaelia arborea
Cassinia leptophylla
Coprosma crassifolia
C. propinqua
C. repens
C. rhamnoides
C. robusta
C. virescens
Cordyline australis
Corynocarpus laevigatus
Cyathodes juniperina

Gaultheria antipoda
Griselinia lucida
Hebe stricta var. atkinsonii
H. sp. (Veronica arborea)
Hedycarya arborea
Helichrysum aggregatum
Hymenanchera crassifolia
Knightia excelsa
Korthalsella lindsayi
Leptospermum ericoides
L. scoparium
Macropiper excelsum
Melicope ternata

Meliccytus ramiflorus
Myoporum laetum
Myrsine australis
Olearia paniculata
O. solandri
Pennantia corymbosa
Pittosporum tenuifolium
Plagianthus divaricatus
Pseudopanax arboreus
Solanum aviculare
Sophora microphylla
Urtica ferox

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Adventive

Cupressus macrocarpa
Erica lusitanica

Rosa rubiginosa

Ulex europaeus

CLIMBERS, LIANES ETC.

Native

Calystegia tuguriorum
Clematis forsteri
C. paniculata
Metrosideros diffusa

Muehlenbeckia australis
M. complexa
Muehlenbeckia australis
X M. complexa

Parsonsia capsularis
P. heterophylla
P. capsularis X P. heterophylla
Rubus squarrosus

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Adventive

Calystegia silvatica

GRASSES, RUSHES AND LIKE PLANTS

Native

Baumea juncea
B. rubiginosa
Carex flagellifera
C. flaviformis
C. geminata
C. pumila
C. secta
C. solandri
C. virgata
Cortaderia toetoe
Desmoschoenus spiralis
Dichelachne crinita
Echinopogon ovatus
Eleocharis acuta
E. gracilis
Elymus sp. (= Agropyron scabrum agg.)

Festuca multinodis
Hierochloa redolens
Juncus australis
J. caespiticus
J. distegus
J. gregiflorus
J. holoschoenus
J. maritimus var. australiensis
J. pallidus
J. planifolius
J. sarophorus
Lachnagrostis richardii
Lepidosperma australe
Leptocarpus similis
Luzula banksiana
L. picta
Microlaena stipoides

Poa anceps var. anceps
P. anceps var. condensata
P. sp. (aff. P. laevis)
Rytidosperma gracile
R. unarede
Schoenus maschalinus
Scirpus cernuus (=Isolepis cernuus)
S. lacustris (= Schoenoplectus validus)
S. nodosus (= Scirpoides nodosa)
S. prolifer (=Isolepis prolifer)
Spinifex hirsutus
Trisetum sp. (=T. antarcticum)
T. sp. (unnamed)
Uncinia leptostachya

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Adventive

Aira caryophyllea
A. praecox
Anthoxanthum odoratum
Briza maxima
B. minor
Bromus mollis
Catapodium rigidum
Cynosurus cristatus

Cynosurus echinatus
Cyperus eragrostis
Dactylus glomerata
Glyceria declinata
Holcus lanatus
Hordeum murinum
Juncus acutus
J. articulatus

Juncus bufonius
J. effusus
Lolium perenne
Poa annua
P. infirma
P. pratensis
P. trivialis
Vulpia bromoides

HERBS

Native

Acaena novae-zelandiae
Acianthus fornicatus var. sinclairii
Aciphylla squarrosa
Apium prostratum
Arthropodium candidum
Astelia fragrans
Bulbophyllum pygmaeum
Caladenia catenata
Calystegia soldanella
Cardamine sp. (C. debilis agg.)
C. sp. (aff. C. corymbosa)
Centella uniflora
Colobanthus muelleri
Corybas orbiculatus
Cotula coronopifolia
C. squalida
Craspedia uniflora var. grandis
Crassula moschata
Crassula sieberiana
C. sp. (Tillaea kirkii)

Dendrobium cunninghamii
Dichondra repens
D. sp. (unnamed)
Disphyma australe ssp. australe
Drosera binata
Earina autumnalis
E. mucronata
Einadia triandra (=Rhagodia triandra)
Epilobium alsinoides
E. atriplicifolium
E. billardierianum
E. brunnescens
E. chionanthum
E. insulare
E. microphyllum
E. nerteroides
E. nummularifolium
E. pallidiflorum
E. rotundifolium
Euphorbia glauca

Euphrasia cuneata
Galium propinquum
Geranium microphyllum
G. sessiliflorum
var. novae-zelandiae
Glossostigma elatinoides
Gnaphalium audax
G. gymnocephalum
G. limosum
Gonocarpus aggregatus
Gratiola sexdentata
Gunnera prorepens
Haloragis erecta
Hydrocotyle americana
H. moschata
H. novae-zelandiae
Hypericum japonicum
Lagenifera pumila
Lemna minor
Libertia ixioides
Lilaeopsis sp.

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HERBS (Continued)

*Limosella lineata*  
*Linum monogynum*  
*Lobelia anceps*  
*Mazus pumilio*  
*Microtis unifolia*  
*Montia fontana*  
*Myriophyllum propinquum*  
*M. triphyllum*  
*Nertera depressa*  
*Oxalis exilis*  
*O. lactea*  
*O. sp.*  
*Parietaria debilis*  
*Phormium cookianum*

*P. tenax*  
*Plantago raoulii*  
*Polygonum sp.*  
*Potamogeton cheesemanii*  
*Potentilla anserinoides*  
*Prasophyllum colensoi*  
*Pratia angulata*  
*Pseudognaphalium luteo-album*  
*Pterostylis banksii*  
*Ranunculus acaulis*  
*R. rivularis*  
*Raoulia australis* agg.  
*R. glabra*  
*R. tenuicaulis*

*Samolus repens*  
*Sarcocornia quinqueflora*  
*Scleranthus biflorus*  
*Selliera radicans*  
*Senecio hispidulus*  
*S. lautus*  
*S. minimus*  
*Sonchus kirkii*  
*Thelymitra longifolia*  
*Triglochin striatum*  
*Typha orientalis*  
*Viola cunninghamii*  
*Vittadinia australis*  
*Wahlenbergia gracilis*

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Adventive

*Acaena ovina*  
*Anagallis arvensis*  
*Atriplex patula*  
*Bellis perennis*  
*Callitriche stagnalis*  
*Capsella bursa-pastoris*  
*Centaurium erythraea*  
*Centunculus minimus*  
*Cerastium holostecoides*  
*Chenopodium pumilio*  
*Cirsium vulgare*  
*Conyza sp.*  
*Crepis capillaris*  
*Digitalis purpurea*  
*Erodium cicutarium*  
*Euphorbia peplus*  
*Fumaria muralis*  
*Galium aparine*  
*G. parisiense*  
*Geranium molle*  
*G. robertianum*  
*Glaucum flavum*  
*Gnaphalium spicatum*  
*Hyochoaeris glabra*  
*H. radicata*  
*Leontodon taraxacoides*

*Linum marginale*  
*Ludwigia palustris*  
*Lythrum hyssopifolia*  
*Marrubium vulgare*  
*Medicago lupulina*  
*Melilotus indica*  
*Mentha pulegium*  
*Mimulus guttatus*  
*Mycelis muralis*  
*Myosotis caespitosa*  
*M. scorpioides*  
*Nasturtium officinale*  
*Onopordum acanthium*  
*Parentucellia viscosa*  
*Picris echioides*  
*Plantago coronopus*  
*P. lanceolata*  
*P. major*  
*Polycarpon tetraphyllum*  
*Polygonum aviculare* agg.  
*P. persicaria*  
*Prunella vulgaris*  
*Ranunculus fluitans*  
*R. repens*  
*R. sardous*  
*Rumex acetosella*

*Rumex brownii*  
*R. conglomeratus*  
*Sagina procumbens*  
*Senecio bipinnatasectus*  
*S. jacobaea*  
*Silybum marianum*  
*Sisymbrium orientale*  
*Sisyrinchium sp.*  
*Solanum nigrum*  
*Sonchus asper*  
*S. oleraceus*  
*Stellaria media*  
*Taraxacum officinale*  
*Torilis nodosa*  
*Trifolium arvense*  
*T. dubium*  
*T. glomeratum*  
*T. micranthum*  
*T. repens*  
*T. striatum*  
*T. subterraneum*  
*Veronica serpyllifolia*  
*Vicia angustifolia*  
*V. hirsuta*  
*V. sativa*

FERNS AND ALLIES

Native

*Adiantum cunninghamii*  
*Aisophila tricolor*  
*Asplenium bulbiferum*  
*A. flabellifolium*  
*A. flaccidum* ssp. *flaccidum*  
*A. hookerianum*  
*A. oblongifolium*  
*A. terrestre* ssp. *maritimum*  
*Azolla rubra*  
*Blechnum chambersii*  
*B. filiforme*

*Blechnum minus*  
*B. penna-marina*  
*B. sp.* (*B. capense* agg. - common sp.)  
*Ctenopteris heterophylla*  
*Histiopteris incisa*  
*Hymenophyllum rarum*  
*Hymenophyllum sanguinolentum*  
*Lastreopsis glabella*  
*L. microsora* ssp. *pentugularis*  
*Lycopodium varium*  
*Ophioglossum coriaceum*

*Paesia scaberula*  
*Pellaea rotundifolia*  
*Phymatosorus diversifolius*  
*Pneumatopteris pennigera*  
*Polystichum richardii*  
*Pteridium esculentum*  
*Pteris macilentata* (= *P. pendula*)  
*P. tremula*  
*Pyrrosia serpens*  
*Sphaeropteris medullaris*

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BIRDS

Australian gannet  
 banded dotterel  
 black shag  
 blackbird  
 black-backed gull  
 Cape pigeon  
 Caspian tern  
 chaffinch  
 giant petrel

goldfinch  
 greenfinch  
 greywarbler  
 harrier  
 hedge sparrow  
 house sparrow  
 kingfisher  
 N.Z. pipit  
 redpoll

silvereve  
 skylark  
 spur-winged plover  
 starling  
 variable oystercatcher  
 welcome swallow  
 white-backed magpie  
 white-faced heron  
 yellowhammer

OTHER

NZ fur seal  
 common gecko

common skink  
 copper skink

*Leiopisma linecellatum* (a skink)  
*Litoria raniformis* (a frog)

