

LIST 1: SOME INDIGENOUS VASCULAR PLANTS IN "SOLDIERS' MEMORIAL PARK", KURATAWHITI STREET, GREYTOWN, CENTRED ON NZMS MAP 260 S26 CARTERTON, GRID REFERENCE 167116, LISTED BY BARBARA MITCALFE, J CHRIS HORNE, ALISON WERRY AND HADDIN BLAIR ON 23 JUNE 1998. TIME IN PARK, 2.5 HOURS. NOTE: (P) = PLANTED; (C) = CULTIVATED.

BOTANICAL NAME	MAAORI NAME	COMMON NAME
GYMNOSPERM TREES		
<i>Dacrycarpus dacrydioides</i>	kahikatea	kahikatea
<i>Dacrydium cupressinum</i>	rimu	rimu
<i>Podocarpus totara</i>	tootara	totara
<i>Phyllocladus trichomanoides</i> (P)	taanekaha	tanekaha
<i>Prumnopitys ferruginea</i>	miro	miro
<i>Prumnopitys taxifolia</i>	mataii	matai
MONOCOT TREES		
<i>Cordyline australis</i>	ti i koouka	cabbage tree
DICOT TREES		
<i>Alectryon excelsus</i>	tiitoki	titoki
<i>Beilschmiedia tawa</i>	tawa	tawa
<i>Brachyglottis repanda</i>	rangiora	rangiora
<i>Coprosma areolata</i>		
<i>Coprosma crassifolia</i>		
<i>Coprosma grandifolia</i>	kanono	kanono
<i>Coprosma robusta</i>	karamu	karamu
<i>Coprosma rotundifoila</i>		
<i>Corokia</i> sp. (P)		
<i>Corynocarpus laevigatus</i>	karaka	karaka
<i>Dodonea viscosa</i>	akeake	akeake
<i>Elaeocarpus dentatus</i> (P; dead)	hiinau	hinau
<i>Elaeocarpus hookerianus</i> (P)	pookaka	pokaka
<i>Geniostoma rupestre</i> var. <i>ligustrifolium</i>	hangehange	hangehange
<i>Griselinia littoralis</i> (C)	kaapuka	kapuka/broadleaf
<i>Hedycarya arborea</i>	porokaiwhiri	pigeonwood
<i>Hebe stricta</i>	koromiko	koromiko
<i>Hebe</i> sp.(C)		
<i>Hoheria populnea</i>	houhere	lacebark
<i>Hoheria sexstylosa</i>	houhere	lacebark
<i>Ileostylus micranthus</i>	pirinoa	small-flowered mistletoe
<i>Knightia excelsa</i>	rewarewa	rewarewa
<i>Kunzea ericoides</i>	kaanuka	kanuka
<i>Laurelia novae-zelandiae</i>	pukatea	pukatea
<i>Lophomyrtus bullata</i> (C)	ramarama	ramarama
<i>Lophomyrtus obcordata</i>	roohutu	rohutu
<i>Macropiper excelsum</i>	kawakawa	kawakawa
<i>Melicope simplex</i>	poataniwha	poataniwha
<i>Melicytus micranthus</i>	manakura	swamp mahoe

<i>Melicytus ramiflorus</i>	maahoe	mahoe
<i>Myoporum laetum</i> (P?)	ngaio	ngaio
<i>Myrsine australis</i>	maapou	mapou
<i>Nestegis cunninghamii</i>	maire	black maire
<i>Nestegis lanceolata</i>	maire	white maire
<i>Nothofagus fusca</i> (P)	tawhai raunui	red beech
<i>Olearia albida</i>	tanguru	a tree daisy
<i>Olearia paniculata</i>	akiraho	akiraho
<i>Pennantia corymbosa</i>	kaikoomako	kaikomako
<i>Pittosporum crassifolium</i>	karo	karo
<i>Pittosporum eugenioides</i>	tarata	lemonwood
<i>Pittosporum tenuifolium</i> (C)	koohuuuhuu	kohuhu
<i>Plagianthus regius</i>	manatu	lowland ribbonwood
<i>Pseudopanax arboreus</i>	whauwhaupaku	fivefinger
<i>Pseudopanax crassifolius</i>	horoeka	lancewood
<i>Pseudopanax lessonii</i> (P)		
<i>Solanum laciniatum</i>	poroporo	poroporo
<i>Sophora microphylla</i>	koowhai	kowhai
<i>Sophora tetraptera</i> (P)	koowhai	kowhai
<i>Streblus heterophyllus</i>	tuurepo	small-leaved milktree

MONOCOT LIANES

<i>Ripogonum scandens</i>	kareao	supplejack
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DICOT LIANES

<i>Metrosideros</i> sp. (dead)	raataa	rata
<i>Muehlenbeckia australis</i>	poohuehue	pohuehue
<i>Parsonsia heterophylla</i>	kaiwhiria	NZ jasmine

FERNS

<i>Adiantum formosum</i> (P?)	huruhuru tapairu	maidenhair
<i>Asplenium bulbiferum</i>	manamana	hen & chickens
<i>Asplenium hookerianum</i>		
<i>Asplenium oblongifolium</i>	huruhuruwhenua	shining spleenwort
<i>Asplenium polyodon</i>	petako	sickle spleenwort
<i>Blechnum</i> sp. "lowland"	kiokio	kiokio
<i>Cyathea dealbata</i>	ponga	ponga
<i>Cyathea medullaris</i>	mamaku	mamaku
<i>Hypolepis ambigua</i>		
<i>Lastreopsis microphylla</i>	tarawera	tarawera
<i>Pellaea rotundifolia</i>	koowaowao	hound's tongue
<i>Phymatosorus pustulatus</i>	turawera	brake
<i>Pteris tremula</i>	ota	leatherleaf fern
<i>Pyrrosia eleagnifolia</i>		

GRASSES

<i>Anemanthele lessoniana</i>		gossamer grass
<i>Festuca multinodis</i>		bamboo grass

SEDGES

Uncinia uncinata matau a Maauí hooked sedge

MONOCOT HERBS

Phormium tenax (P?) harakeke swamp flax
Phormium cookianum (C) wharariki mountain flax

DICOT HERBS

Hydrocotyle novae-zelandiae

LIST 2 - ADVENTIVE PLANTS

<i>Acacia</i> sp.	
<i>Acer planatus</i>	sycamore
<i>Allium triquetrum</i>	onion weed
<i>Berberis darwinii</i>	Darwin's barberry
<i>Berberis glaucocarpa</i>	barberry
<i>Buddleja davidii</i>	buddleia
<i>Chamaecytisus palmensis</i>	tree lucerne
<i>Clematis vitalba</i>	old man's beard
<i>Conyza canadensis</i>	Canadian fleabane
<i>Crocosmia x crocosmiflora</i>	montbretia
<i>Cyperus eragrostis</i>	green sedge
<i>Cytisus scoparius</i>	broom
<i>Ehrharta erecta</i>	veldt grass
<i>Eleagnus x reflexa</i>	eleagnus
<i>Euonymous europaeus</i>	spindleberry
<i>Hedera helix</i>	ivy
<i>Ilex</i>	holly
<i>Iris foetidissima</i>	stinking iris
<i>Laurus nobilis</i>	bay
<i>Laurus</i> sp.	laurel
<i>Ligustrum</i> sp. 1	privet
<i>Ligustrum</i> sp. 2	privet
<i>Lonicera japonica</i>	Japanese honeysuckle
<i>Lunaria annua</i>	honesty
<i>Mimulus guttatus</i>	monkey musk
<i>Mycelis muralis</i>	wall lettuce
<i>Oxalis</i> sp.	oxalis
<i>Pomaderris</i> sp. (P)	
<i>Prunella vulgaris</i>	self-heal
<i>Ranunculus repens</i>	creeping buttercup
<i>Rubus fruticosus</i> agg.	blackberry
<i>Rumex obtusifolius</i>	broad-leaved dock
<i>Sambucus nigra</i>	elderberry
<i>Solanum nigrum</i>	black nightshade
<i>Solanum pseudocapsicum</i>	Jerusalem cherry
<i>Trachycarpus fortunei</i>	fan palm
<i>Tradescantia fluminensis</i>	wandering willie

Vinca major
Zantedeschia aethiopica
albomaculata

periwinkle
arum Zantedeschia
goblin lily

LIST 3 - BIRDS

Native

kereruu NZ pigeon
tauhou waxeye
tuuii

Introduced

blackbird
chaffinch
goldfinch
song thrush
white-backed magpie

RECOMMENDATIONS

1. Poison possums, rodents, mustelids and feral cats. (Seek advice, bait stations and poison from Wellington Regional Council).
2. Remove all introduced plants, preferably by hand methods, painting herbicide on stumps as necessary.
3. Establish permanent vegetation-monitoring plots and permanent photo points, with advice from Wellington Conservancy, Department of Conservation.
4. Plant trees and shrubs, grown from seed collected in the park, in the 0.7ha area where planting has been done in recent years. Avoid cultivars and any species which are not naturally-occurring in the area.
5. Map the emergents and canopy trees, with the help of aerial photography, and record the species and diameter at breast height.
6. Map the locations of *Ileostylis micranthus*.
7. Consider fencing both sides of the track if trampling of the groundcover becomes evident. (A two-wire fence has been erected in Barton's Bush, Upper Hutt for this purpose).
8. Request Council to implement litter control.
9. Open a file to include all known historical and ecological actions, copies to South Wairarapa District Council and the Masterton Area Office of DoC. information and management
10. Draft an interpretive pamphlet with a map, using selected above, for the public's use. information derived from 9
11. Develop support in the community for your work, e.g. South Royal Forest and Bird Protection Society, service clubs, youth groups etc. Wairarapa District Council,