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# Vascular plants in bush and swamp area on the Pritchard property North of Otaki

Topomap S25 931501 Alt 20m a.s.l.

Pat Enright 20/1/02 (3hrs) (Bush both sides of the top area of swamp and accessible areas of the swamp)  $\begin{array}{c} unc = uncommon \\ s = swamp \ area \ only \\ f = fenced \ area \ of \ bush \end{array}$ 

#### Site description:

The area surveyed consists of an area of carex swamp blocked off at one end with a steep banks on both sides. The native bush is fenced on the northern side of the swamp but is grazed on the southern bank and the flat terrace above. The swamp area is too deep to allow botanising with out waders but binoculars were used to scan the vegetation from the banks. Scattered small specimens of kahikatea (Dacrydium dacrydioides), manuka (Leptospermum scoparium) swamp coprosma tenuicaulis) and kohuhu (Pittosporum tenuifolium) were growing amongst the carex clumps.

The bush area on the north bank had some large kahikatea as emergents (along with eucalyptus sps.) and an under story of tawa, mahoe (Melicytus ramiflorus) and Melicope simplex. It is a narrow belt of bush but there were a number of species that were only seen in this area. The other bank had tall titoki (Alectryon excelsus) and me very large tawa, pukatea (Laurelia novae-zelandiae) kohekohe (Dysoxolum spectabile) and titoki. The white flowered climbing rata (Metrosideros perforata) is heterophyllus) and passionvine (Passiflora tetrandra).

The native grasses Microlaena stipoides and hedgehog grass (Echinopogon ovatus) were common where grazing pressure was not too great. The fern Diplazium australe is much more common here than around Wellington and along with the apparently unpalatable Parietaria debilis constitute the main native ground cover plants. There is a lot of Jerusalem cherry (Solanum pseudocapsicum), black nightshade (Solanum nigrum) and ragwort (Senecio jacobea) are the commonest weeds species and form a large part of the taller scrubby layer.

Regeneration of native species is occurring but is selective with less palatable species being favoured and with competition from some of the more vigorous exotic species.

The only orchid species seen at this time was the perching orchid Earina mucronata which was seen on several hot trees.

Species of note are as follows.

Hypolepis distans. This fern appears to relatively common on Carex secta bases and old tree free stumps. It has a very patchy distribution around Wellington.

Doodia australis. Another fern with scattered populations in the Wellington and the Wairarapa area. There were 3 or 4 plants in the fenced bush area.

Epilobium pallidiflorum. Verification of the species will be required as it was identified from a distance as a large flowed tall epilobium.

Gymnosperm trees and shrubs

Dacrycarpus dacrydioides kahikatea

Monocotyledonous trees and shrubs

Cordyline australis

Phomplostylia aggida (aggida faggida fagg

Rhopalostylis sapida (one small; seedling on the western side of the bush terrace) nikau

Dicotyledonous trees and shrubs

Alectryon excelsus subsp. excelsus
Beilschmiedia tawa
Coprosma areolata

titoki
tawa

Coprosma rigida (unc)
s Coprosma robusta karamu

Coprosma tenuicaulis
Corynocarpus laevigatus
Dysoxolum spectabile
Geniostoma rupestre var. lingustrifolium
Crisolinia haida

Griselinia lucida puka, broadleaf
Hedycarya arborea porokaiwhiri, pigeonwood
Knightia excelsa

Laurelia novae-zelandiae rewarewa pukatea

S Leptospermum scoparium
Macropiper excelsum subsp. excelsum
Melicope simplex
Melicytus ramiflorus subsp. ramiflorus
Myrsine australis
Myoporum laetum (unc)
Pittosporum tenuifolium
Pseudopanax crassifolius
Solanum aviculare

Solanum laciniatum (unc) Streblus heterophyllus (unc)

Monocotyledonous lianes

Freycinetia banksii Ripogonum scandens

Dicotyledonous lianes and related trailing plants

Metrosideros colensoi (unc) Metrosideros diffusa Metrosideros perforata Muehlenbeckia australis

Psilopods, Lycopods and Quillworts

<u>Ferns</u>

Arthropteris tenella
Asplenium flaccidum
f Asplenium gracillimum

Asplenium gracilimum
Asplenium hookerianum

f Asplenium oblongifolium (unc) Asplenium polyodon

s Azolla filiculoides Blechnum filiforme Blechnum fluviatile

f Blechnum membranaceum s Blechnum novae-zelandiae

Cyathea dealbata
Cyathea medullaris
Dicksonia squarrosa

Diplazium australe Histiopteris incisa Hypolepis ambigua

Hypolepis distans Lastreopsis glabella Microsorum scandens Paesia scaberula

f Pneumatopteris pennigera Pteridium esculentum Pteris tremula Pyrrosia eleagnifolia

Orchids

Earina mucronata /

<u>Grasses</u>

s Cortaderia toetoe Echinopogon ovatus Microlaena stipoides

Sedges

s Carex secta

s Carex virgata

s Gahnia sp. (large plant but no seeds and could not access the plant) (unc)

poataniwha mahoe, whitey wood red matino

manuka

kawakawa

red matipo ngaio kohuhu

horoeka, lancewood

poroporo poroporo

turepo, small leaved milktree

kiekie

kareao, supplejack

akatea pohuehue

makawe, hanging spleenwort manamana

huruhuru whenua petako

panako kiwakiwa

kiokio

mamaku wheki

mata, water bracken

kowaowao

pakauroharoha, gully fern rauaruhe, bracken turawera, shaking brake leather-leaf fern

peka-a-waka

toetoe hedgehog grass

purei

Rushes and allied plants

s Juneus sp.

# Remaining Monocotyledonous plants

- f Arthropodium candidum Collospermum hastatum (unc)
- s Lemna minor
- s Phormium tenax
- s Typha orientalis

Daisy-like herbs (Composites)

karearea harakeke raupo

# Dicotyledonous herbs other than Composites

Cardamine sp. (C. debilis agg.) ("Long Style" of Pritchard 1957)
Epilobium pallidiflorum?
Hydrocotyle heteromeria
Hydrocotyle moschata (unc)
Hydrocotyle novae zelandiae
Oxalis exilis
Parietaria debilis

waxweed

#### **Adventives**

### Dicotyledonous trees and shrubs

Berberis glaucocarpa Sambucus niger Ulex europaeus barberry elderberry gorse

# Dicotyledonous lianes and related trailing plants

Clematis vitalba Rubus fruticosus old mans beard blackberry

#### Psilopsids, Lycopods and Quillworts

#### Ferns

#### Grasses

Anthoxanthum odoratum
Dactylis glomerata
Festuca arundinacea
Holcus lanatus

sweet vernal cocksfoot tall fescue Yorkshire fog

#### Sedges

Carex divulsa

## Rushes and allied plants

## Remaining Monocotyledonous plants

## Daisy-like herbs (Composites)

s Bidens frondosa
Cirsium arvense
Cirsium vulgare
Conyza bilbaoana
Hypochaeris radicata
Senecio bipinnatisectus
Senecio jacobea

beggars ticks californian thistle scotch thistle fleabane catsear

ragwort

# Dicotyledonous herbs other than Composites

Anagallis arvensis
s Apium nodiflorum
Conium maculatum
Digitalis purpurea
Galium aparine
Lamium purpureum
Lotus pedunculatus

s Myosotis laxa subsp. caespitosa

Plantago lanceolata

Polygonum hydropiper
Prunella vulgaris
Ranunculus repens
Rumex crispus
Sisymbrium officinale
Solanum chenopodioides
Solanum nigrum
Solanum pseudocapsicum
Stellaria graminea
Stellaria media
Trifolium repens
Vicia sativa

scarlet pimpernal water celery hemlock foxglove bedstraw red dead nettle lotus forget-me-not narrow leaved plantain water pepper selfheal buttercup crisped dock hedge mustard velvety nightshade nightshade Jerusalem cherry stitchwort chickweed white clover

climbing veitch

Birds: blackbird fantail goldfinch kingfisher marsh harrier magpie pukeko

