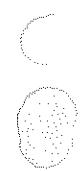


## Haywards Scenic Reserve

Area: 17.6498 ha



										<b>GRID</b>								
										<b>REF</b>	R.27 716.960							
<b>LOCATION</b>										<b>AREA ha</b>	17.6							
On the Eastern Hutt hills, adjacent to Waiwhetu, suburb of Lower Hutt.										<b>L.D. No.</b>								
<b>ACCESS</b>										<b>STATUS</b>	Scenic							
At the end of Whites Line East.										<b>RES sub-Ctee</b>	Lower Hutt City Council							
<b>OUTLINE &amp; TOPO</b>										<b>GAZETTED</b>	1939/311, 1971/1155							
South facing slopes and valleys of a catchment on the Eastern Hutt Hills.										<b>RESERVED</b>	1938							
										Gifted to the Crown by H.M. Hayward in 1938. L & S administered reserve until 1957 when it was vested in the L.H.C.C.								
<b>SURROUNDINGS</b>										<b>AIR PHOTO</b>	SN 5497 F/12							
Secondary scrub on upper slopes of catchment, gorse covered hills to the north. Suburb of Waiwhetu to west.										<b>date</b>	1980							
<b>GEOLOGY</b>										<b>nearby town</b>	2.5 km Lower Hutt							
Greywacke sandstones and argillites.										<b>nearest reserve</b>	2.5 km Lowry Bay							
<b>SPM</b> Strongly weathered greywacke, colluvium and loess deposits.										<b>public road</b>	0							
<b>SOIL</b> Taita hill; Tawai steepland; Makara hill; Stokes silt loam; Central yellow-brown earths.										<b>sea (km)</b>	3.0							
<b>DRAINAGE</b>										<b>ALTITUDE m</b>	40-200							
Good on slopes.										<b>ASPECT</b>	West							
										<b>RAIN mm</b>	1360 (approx) Low on slopes and ridges. Moderate							
										<b>NAT FERTILITY</b>	in gullies.							
<b>RES</b>	<b>NOT</b>	<b>MAIN HABITATS and FEATURES</b>								<b>% area</b>	<b>area ha</b>	<b>native</b>	<b>ex</b>	<b>regen</b>	<b>NAT</b>	<b>trend</b>	<b>botanics</b>	
✓	✓	1. Black and hard beech forest on steep dry slopes.								5.0	0.9	✓	✓	M	H	S	L	
✓	✓	2. (Rimu)-(pukatea)/tawa-hinau-mahoe forest in main valley and gullies.								5.5	0.96	✓		M	H	S	L	
✓	✓	3. Mixed broadleaved scrub and forest																
		3a. Broadleaved scrub on upper steep slopes.								4.4	0.78	✓		M	M	I	M	
		3b. Kamahi - mixed broadleaved low forest on slopes.								4.1	0.72	✓		H	H	I	M	
		3c. Mahoe - mixed broadleaved low forest on slopes.								33.7	5.93	✓		H	H	I	M	
		4. Manuka - kanuka scrub on north facing slopes.								1.4	0.24	✓		H	H	I	M	
		5. Gorse scrub on ridges and recently burnt slopes.								45.9	8.08	✓		M	L	I	H	
		1. Areas of secondary pole beech forest with some older trees and an area on the northern boundary of the reserve with mature beech forest on steep, dry slopes. The canopy ranges from 10m-20m tall and the forest has an open understorey with <i>Coprosma lucida</i> , mingimingi and kamahi present. The ground floor vegetation is sparse and consists of ferns, hook grasses and occasional herbs.																
		2. Small area of original podocarp/broadleaved forest is found in the main valley of the catchment and extends into the north-eastern gullies. There are a few large rimu, miro and pukatea above a canopy of tawa, hinau and mahoe which reaches up to 20m. There is a well developed understorey of mahoe, five finger, rangiora, black tree fern and hangehange. Supplejack and kiekie are common lianas. The ground floor is well covered in ferns, seedlings and litter.																
		3a. Low mixed broadleaved scrub occupies the uppermost slopes of the main valley. A number of species are present in the canopy, which reaches 6m, including mahoe, kanono, black tree fern, hangehange, karamu, five finger and rangiora. There is little development of the ground floor vegetation except for patches of hound's tongue fern.																
		3b. Mixed broadleaved forest dominated by kamahi reaching up to 8m occurs on steep, dry slopes and ridges; other species in the canopy include hinau, rewarewa and northern rata.																
		3c. Mixed broadleaved forest dominated by mahoe reaching up to 8m occurs on moist slopes above the main valley and gullies. Other species in the canopy include lemonwood, five finger, hangehange and black tree fern. There is a well developed understorey of mahoe, black tree fern, hangehange and karamu reaching up to 3m. Hook grass and ferns are common on the ground floor.																
		4. Mosaic of communities ranging from low manuka scrub with bracken and spanish heath to taller manuka - kanuka scrub and stands of kanuka trees with a well developed understorey of broad-leaved species.																
		5. Dense gorse scrub reaching up to 3m is found on all boundaries of the reserve. Flax is common in the short gorse scrub at the top of the catchment. Litter dominates the ground floor. Wilding pines are common on the lower slopes of the reserve and occur as scattered individuals in the shorter vegetation.																
										100	17.61							
<b>CONDITION</b>																		
Good. Encouraging regeneration of forest species in the reserve and on upper, unreserved slopes.																		
<b>FENCING</b>										None.								
<b>PRIORITY</b>										Low.								
<b>RATING 0-10</b>																		
<b>SCIENTIFIC</b> ...3.																		
<b>SCENIC</b> ...5. Attractive backdrop to Waiwhetu.																		
<b>RECREATION</b> ...6.																		
<b>CONCLUSIONS and RECOMMENDATIONS</b>																		
The original vegetation has been extensively modified by repeated burning and the reserve now contains a number of seral vegetation types and a few original trees. The regeneration pattern is common to the rest of the Eastern Hutt hills.																		
Regeneration is proceeding well and if no further fires reach the reserve, forest communities should dominate the upper slopes in 40-50 years.																		
The reserve boundaries should be extended to include the complete catchment up to the firebreaks.																		
The present boundary of the reserve and the proposed extensions only cover the lower slopes of the catchment.																		
										2.... hours ... fine..... conditions MCW, DJC January 1984								
1 NATURALNESS										2 TREND: D deteriorating; S steady; I improving								

Froude, V.A. 1982 "The Eastern Hutt Hills: Management Options and Implications". MSc Thesis Lincoln College, 98 pp.  
 Park, G.N. 1971 Report on the Ecology of Haywards Scenic Reserve. Unpublished report for LHCC, 35 pp.

#### REFERENCES

% area	SUMMARY	HABITATS												ORGANISMS	INFER	OBSERVED			
		WATER/SHORE	large	small	several	fill/cut/stabil	overhang	emergent	herbac.	cliff	rock	stony	sand/pebbles	mud	organic	rubbish	eutrophic	flat	beet
5.5	tall conifer <sup>1</sup> forest/trees	a ~ adjoins reserve																	
	conifer <sup>2</sup> forest/trees																		
5.0	beach forest/trees																		
37.8	BL <sup>3</sup> forest/trees																		
51.7	scrub/shrubs <6m																		
	tall tussocks/grassland																		
	short tussocks/grassland																		
	grassland/grasses																		
	sedge/land/sedges																		
	rushland/rushes/raupo																		
	herbland/herbs																		
	"tussock" herbland <sup>4</sup>																		
	fernland/ferns																		
	"moss" land																		
	bracken																		
	exotic grassland <sup>5</sup>																		
	exotic herbland/weedland																		
	exotic scrub/shrubs																		
	exotic forest/trees																		
	introduced "native" cover																		
	bog/swamp/pakiri																		
	marsh sw/fw																		
	mudflat sw/fw																		
	bluff/rocks																		
	bluffs/rocks in bush																		
	waterfall																		
	cave/gorge																		
	gravel habitat/screen																		
	dune/sand																		
	limestone																		
	ultrabasics																		
	geological site																		
	breeding ground																		
	rare/interesting animals																		
	rare/interesting plants																		
	historic site																		
	historic building																		
	prehistoric site																		
	camp/midden/pits																		
	terraces/earthworks																		
	burial/tpu																		
100	boating																		

<sup>1</sup> tall conifer: kahikatea, kauri, matai, miro, rimu, totara

<sup>2</sup> remaining 11 tree-sized spp

<sup>3</sup> broadleaved

<sup>4</sup> e.g. flax

<sup>5</sup> incl. rough grassland, pasture etc

TREES AND SHRUBS

Native

*Aristotelia serrata*  
*Beilschmiedia tawa*  
*Brachyglottis repanda*  
*Carpodetus serratus*  
*Coprosma grandifolia*  
*C. lucida*  
*C. rhamnoides*  
*C. robusta*  
*Cordyline australis*  
*Coryncarpus laevigatus*  
*Cyathodes juniperina*  
*Dacrydium cupressinum*  
*Dodonaea viscosa*  
*Doxoxylum spectabile*  
*Elaeocarpus dentatus*  
*Fuchsia excorticata*

Adventive

*Hoberia populnea* (planted)

*Gaultheria antipoda*  
*Geniostoma rupestre* var.  
*Griselinia lucida*  
*Hebe stricta* var. *atkinsonii*  
*Hedycarya arborea*  
*Knightia excelsa*  
*Laurelia novae-zelandiae*  
*Leptospermum ericoides*  
*L. scoparium*  
*Leucopogon fasciculatus*  
*Lophomyrtus bullata*  
*Macropiper excelsum*  
*Melicytus ramiflorus*  
*Metrosideros robusta*  
*Myoporum laetum*  
*Nestegis lanceolata*

*Nothofagus solandri* var. *solandri*  
*N. truncata*  
*Olearia rani*  
*Pennantia corymbosa*  
*Pittosporum eugeniooides*  
*Podocarpus dacrydioides*  
<sup>introduced</sup>  
<sup>(= Dacrycarpus dacrydioides)</sup>  
*P. totara*  
*Pseudopanax arboreus*  
*P. crassifolius* (and some planted)  
*Pseudowintera axillaris*  
*Rhopalostylis sapida*  
*Schefflera digitata*  
*Solanum aviculare*  
*Weinmannia racemosa*

*Sophora tetaptera* (planted)

*Ulex europaeus*

CLIMBERS, LIANES ETC.

Native

*Clematis paniculata*  
*Freycinetia baueriana* ssp. *banksii*

*Metrosideros fulgens*  
*M. perforata*

*Parsonsia heterophylla*  
*Ripogonum scandens*

Adventive

*Calystegia silvatica*

GRASSES, RUSHES AND LIKE PLANTS

Native

*Carex* sp.  
*Gahnia setifolia*  
*Juncus* sp.

*Rytidosperma* sp.  
*Uncinia angustifolia*

*Uncinia banksii*  
*U. uncinata*

Adventive

*Anthoxanthum odoratum*

*Dactylis glomerata*

*Holcus lanatus*

HERBS

Native

*Acianthus fornicatus*  
*Anthropodium cirratum* (introduced) ✓  
*Astelia fragrans*  
*A. solandri*  
*Cardamine* sp. (*C. debilis* agg.)  
*Collospermum hastatum*

*Dianella nigra*  
*Drosera peltata* ssp. *auriculata*  
*Earina mucronata*  
*Galium propinquum*  
*Hydrocotyle microphylla*

*Phormium cookianum*  
*Pterostylis allobula*  
*Ranunculus hirtus*  
*Senecio minimus*  
*Thelymitra* sp.

Adventive

*Ajuga reptans*  
*Conyza* sp.  
*Oxalis* sp.

*Prunella vulgaris*  
*Ranunculus repens*  
*Sisyrinchium iridifolium*

*Sonchus oleraceus*  
*Tradescantia fluminensis*

FERNS AND ALLIES

Native

*Adiantum cunninghamii*  
*Alsophila cunninghamii* (= *Cyathea cunninghamii*)  
*A. tricolor* (= *C. dealbata*)  
*Asplenium bulbiferum*  
*A. flaccidum*  
*A. oblongifolium*  
*A. polyodon*  
*Blechnum chambersii*  
*B. discolor*  
*B. filiforme*  
*B. membranaceum*  
*B. sp. (B. capense agg. - common sp.)*

*Cardiomanes reniforme*  
*Dicksonia squarrosa*  
*Grammitis billardieri*  
*Hymenophyllum demissum*  
*H. dilatatum*  
*H. flabellatum*  
*H. sanguinolentum*  
*H. scabrum*  
*Lastreopsis hispida*  
*Leptopteris hymenophylloides*  
*Lindsaea trichomanoides*  
*Lycopodium volubile*

*Paesia scaberula*  
*Phymatosorus diversifolius*  
*P. scandens*  
*Pneumatopteris pennigera*  
*Pteridium esculentum*  
*Pteris macilenta*  
*Pyrrhosia serpens*  
*Sphaeropteris medullaris* (= *Cyathea medullaris*)  
*Tmesipteris* sp.  
*Trichomanes venosum*

Adventive

*Selaginella kraussiana*

BIRDS

bellbird  
blackbird  
fantail  
greywarbler

housesparrow  
morepork  
N.Z. pigeon

silvereye  
tui  
white-backed magpie

